## **Alphabet "Air Writing" Instructions**

 Movements – especially big movements – help a child memorize the writing patterns for each letter.

– Vocalizing the steps (saying the steps out loud) also helps with the memory – this is not a silent exercise!

- Children should use the arm that they write with.

- The movements also help strengthen the arm and shoulder muscles that are used in regular handwriting.

- We recommend "air writing" the capital letters every day (while learning the capital letters), just before your daily handwriting practice time.

Note: If you are standing in front of your students, remember to turn sideways or "write" the letters backwards, so that the letters appear the right-wayaround to your students.

## Alphabet "Air Writing" #5

(print this page for reference)

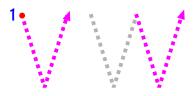
### Capital U:



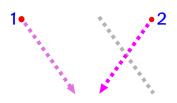
## Capital V:



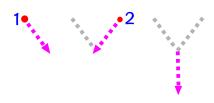
## Capital W:



## Capital X:



## Capital Y:



## Capital Z:



#### <u>'Uh' for up</u>

"Make a cup with the end pointed up."

#### <u>'Vuh' for vulture</u>

"Slanted line down; then up again."

#### <u>'Wuh' for water</u>

#### "One V, two V's make a double-U."

Note: The letter "W" can be written rounded, which probably fits the name "double-u" better, but millions of people (and nearly all books) use the "double-vee" version of the W.

#### <u>'Ex' for x-ray</u>

#### "Criss... cross."

<u>Definition</u>: Criss-cross (or "crisscross") is any shape or pattern where straight lines cross over each other. Saying "Criss... cross," while making the motion, will help children remember the "x" letter shape.

#### 'Yuh' for yellow

# "Half an "X" with one leg down."

#### <u>'Zzzz' for zip</u>

"Zig, zag, zip."